Measuring Patient Exposure in Interventional Radiology

GAFCHROMIC® XR-R, a Wide-Area Dosimetry Film to Assess Peak Skin Dose (PSD)

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Director, Advanced Materials
International Specialty Products



Our Credentials

- □ ISP develops and manufactures
 GAFCHROMIC[®] radiochromic films
- Instantaneous color change when exposed to ionizing radiation
 - > Not light sensitive
 - > No development, no chemicals
- Radiochromic film is used to image and measure radiation fields
 - Principal uses are in radiology and radiotherapy



"You don't know what you need to know unless you know what you need to know"

Louis K. Wagner, Professor of Radiology and Chief Physicist, University of Texas Medical School at Houston



PATIENT EXPOSURE DURING FLUOROSCOPY

- Since 1994 FDA has issued several advisories and notices on the avoidance of skin injuries during fluoroscopically guided surgery and recommendations to keep estimates of skin exposure in a patient file
- Archer and Wagner at Baylor College of Medicine and many others have written extensively on the dangers involved and the minimization of risks
- ICRP has issued procedures for avoiding injuries during interventional radiology
- CRCPD (2001) issued a resolution regarding the prevention of unnecessary exposure to patients during fluoroscopy



Keys to Reducing Patient Exposure

- Education
- □ Training
- Measurement
- □ Analysis
- □ Improvement



Responsible Radiation Management

- Monitor and document patients' peak skin dose, in particular for:
 - > Heavy patients
 - > Pediatric
 - Long Procedures
 - Repeat Procedures
- Strategize & refine fluoroscopy management
 - > Safe planning of future procedures
 - > Improves fluoroscopic technique
 - > Reduces patient exposure



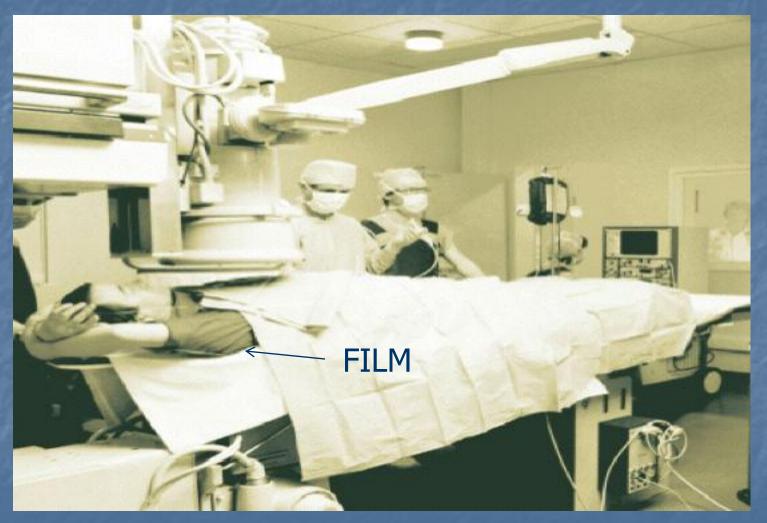
Dose Monitoring Methods

Measurement Method	Advantages	Disadvantages
TLD/OSL		Inadequate when beam is re-oriented, not real time
Diode/Ion chamber	Real time values	Inadequate when beam is re-oriented
DAP/KAP	Real time values	Difficult to assess and locate peak skin dose
Fluoroscopy time	Easy to measure	Poorly correlated to peak skin dose
Radiochromic film	Directly locates and measures peak skin dose	Not ideal for real time



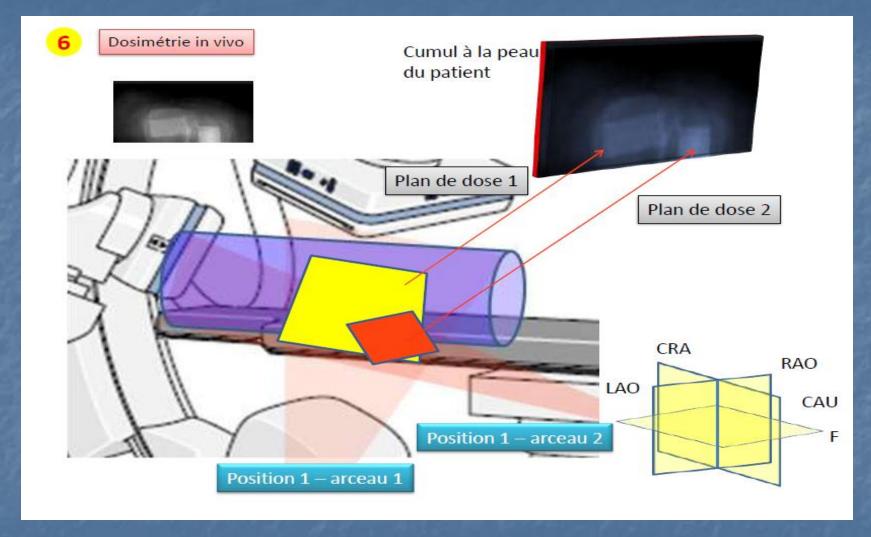


Positioning of GAFCHROMIC® XR-R





Positioning of the GAFCHROMIC® XR-R

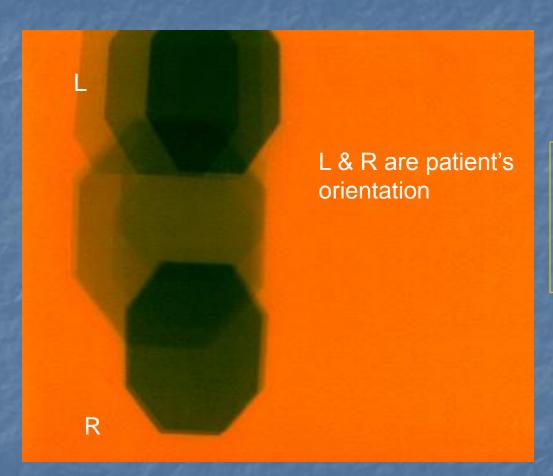


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Dose Monitoring with Gafchromic® XR-R

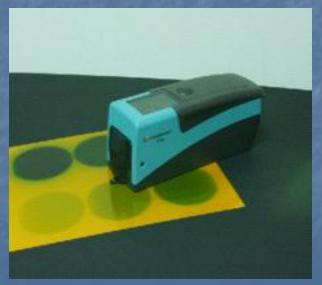


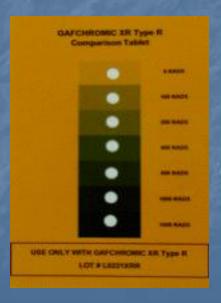
- ☐ Immediate visualization of patient exposure magnitude and location
- □Detailed **dose distribution**



Ways to Measure Dose

- Skin dose is determined by measuring the darkening of the film using either:
 - > Densitometer (preferably a reflection densitometer)
 - > Comparator strip
 - > Flatbed scanner
 - √ specifically designed software FilmQA-XR









IAEA Sponsored Studies

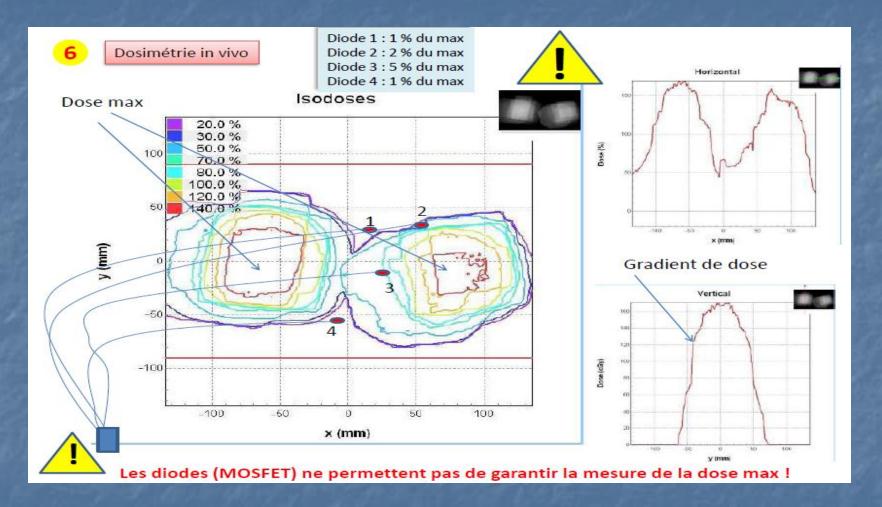
	Coronary	Non- Coronary
# of patients	400	250
% > 2Gy	12	10
Repeat	40%	40%

□ Gafchromic ® Film

- > Easiest
- > Simple
 - √ Visual Reference
 - √ Feedback during procedure
- > Consistent and Reliable Results
- □ DAP/KAP
 - Difficult to correlate to peak skin dose
- Importance of Dose Monitoring



Comparison of Gafchromic XR-R <u>Measurement vs.</u> Diodes

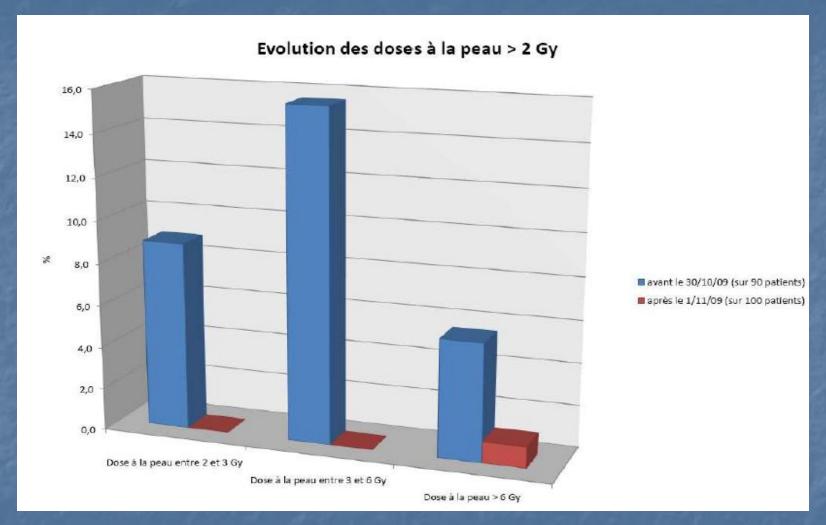


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Patient Peak Skin Dose History



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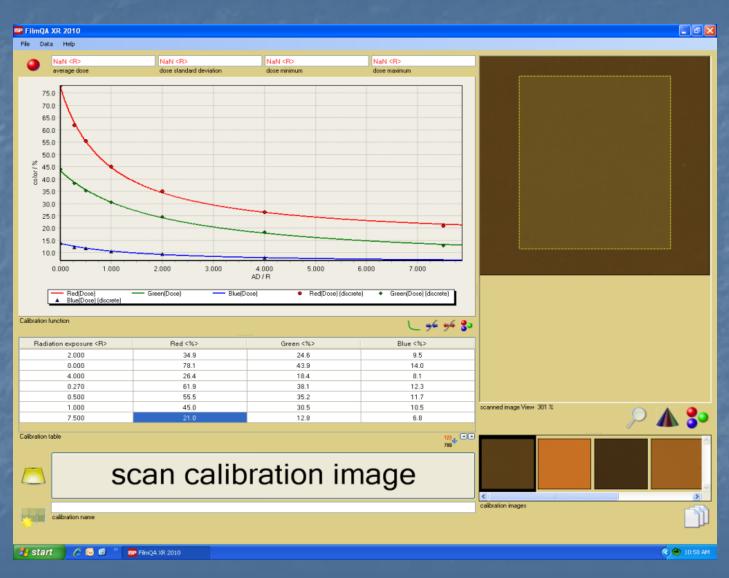


FilmQATM XR

- Specifically Designed for Optimized Use of Gafchromic XR series of Films
- □ Easy Use
 - > Simple Work Flow
 - > Film Batch Specific Calibration
 - Single Click Film Analysis
 - √ Point Dose
 - √ Dose Mapping



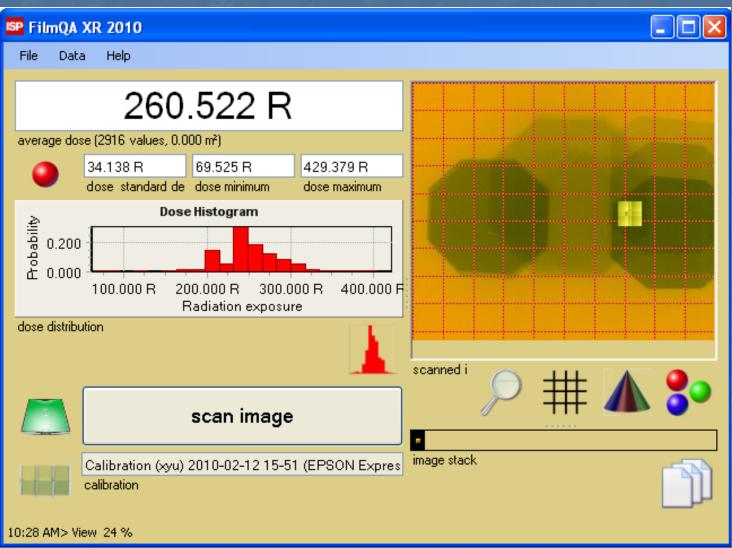
FilmQATM XR - Calibration







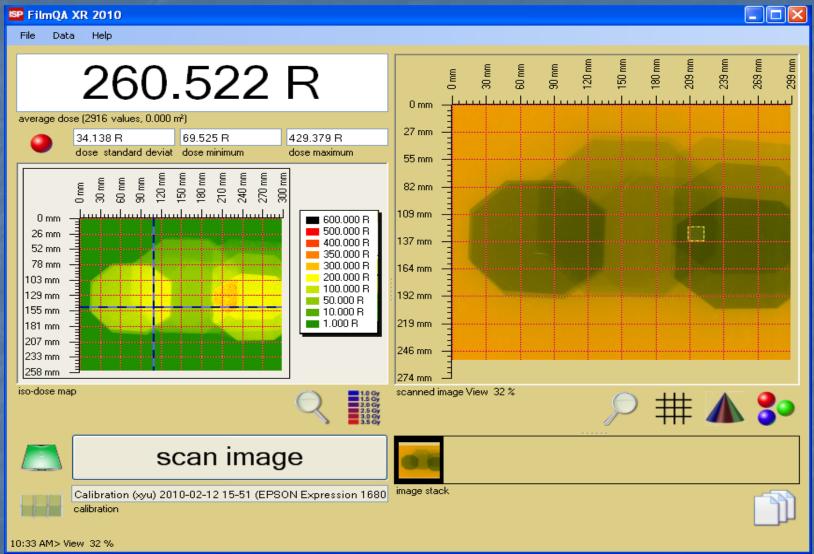
FilmQATM XR — Point Dose







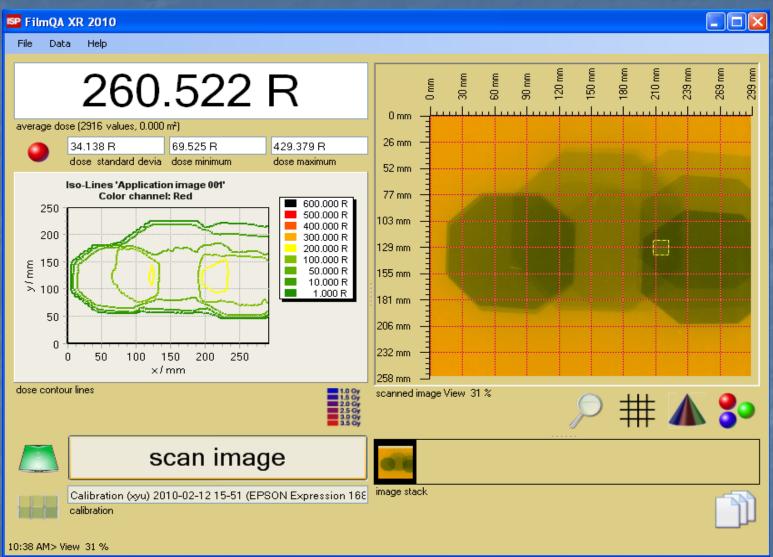
FilmQATM XR — Dose Mapping







FilmQATM XR — Dose Mapping







For more System Information.....

Please visit

www.gafchromic.com www.FilmQAXR.com



